OWNERSHIP AND UTILIZATION OF INSECTICIDE-TREATED MOSQUITO NETS AMONG UNDER- 5-CAREGIVERS AND PREGNANT WOMEN IN A RURAL TOWN IN SOUTH WESTERN NIGERIA.

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INTRODUCTION



- Globally, malaria remains one of the world's most prevalent vector borne disease.
- The use of ITN has been proven to be an effective preventive modality in the control of malaria but its utilization continues to be low.

METHODOLOGY

 A cross sectional study of 631
 pregnant women and under 5 caregivers
 in Ibarapa Central was conducted.

Multistage selection of respondents. Oyo state, Nigeria

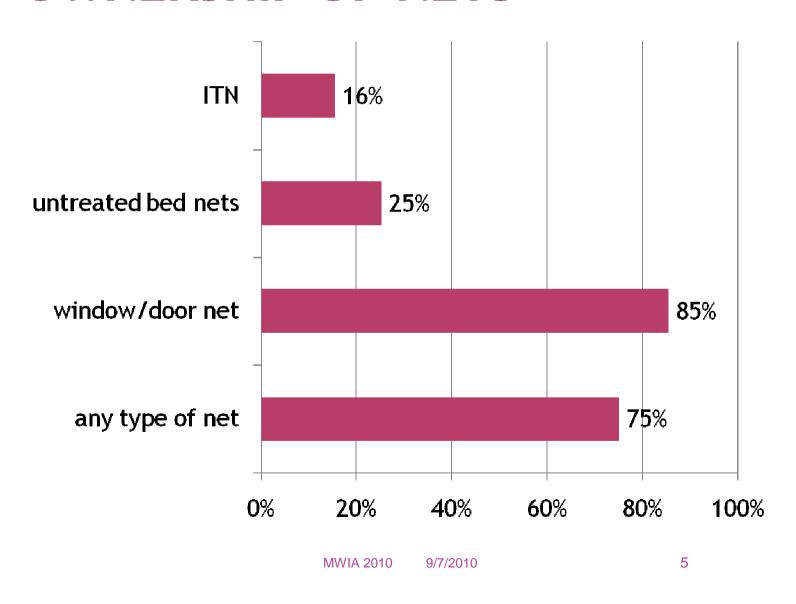


RESULTS

 Among 631 respondents that participated, 84.9% were under-5 caregivers. Mean age was 27.7±6.3 years with 53.4% between 20-29 age group.

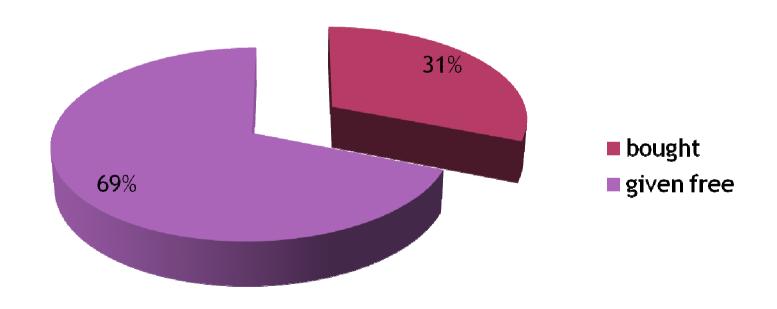
 Majority, 91.1% had at least primary education, 60.2% were traders and 69.7% married.

OWNERSHIP OF NETS



SOURCE OF ITN

percentage

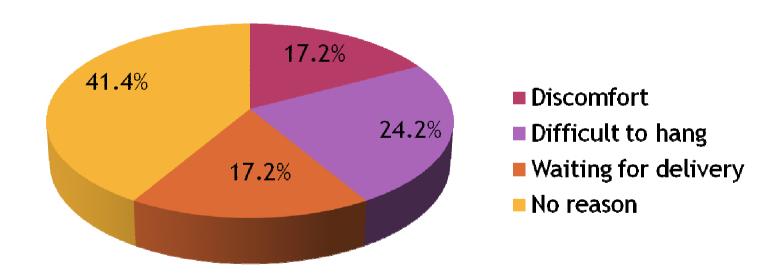


UTILIZATION OF ITN

- Overall, 70 (11.1%) of the respondents had ITN among which 55 (78.6%) had ever slept under an ITN but slightly less than half, (49.1%) slept under an ITN the previous night.
- A significantly higher proportion (75%) of respondents with low level of education utilized ITN. (OR = 5.00; 95% CI = 1.24 -21.28; P = 0.02)
- ITN use was not significantly affected by other socio-demographic variables



Reasons for non use of ITN



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DISCUSSION

- Despite the high level of awareness documented in this study, ownership of ITN was extremely low
- Furthermore, the study revealed that those with low education are significantly more likely to use ITN. Educational attainment does not necessarily translate to utilization.

DISCUSSION

- Perceived vulnerability higher among the poor or those with little or no education.
- Such may be compelled to use ITN because of the limited options left to them when the child gets sick.
- So it is likely that community with low income and education as documented in this study will sleep under an ITN once it is available to them.

CONCLUSION

 This study revealed grossly low ownership and utilization of ITNs.

 There is need to improve on the knowledge of community members on the importance of ITN in malaria prevention

 There is need to enhance ownership and utilisation of ITN through free ITN distribution to community members



THANK YOU!